

# THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XVI, NO. 4736

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., THURSDAY, APRIL 5, 1900.

PRICE 2 CENTS

## Great Bargain Sale.

Men's \$2.50 and \$3.00 Shoes, now \$1.99  
Men's High Cut Russets \$3.50 " 2.98  
Ladies' \$2.50 and 3.00 Shoes " 1.95  
Bailey Ribbed Back Rubber, .58  
One lot Men's and Boy's Shoes, 1.00  
One lot Children's Shoes, .75

FRANKLIN SHOE—Every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction. The Franklin Shoes fit the feet, fit the eye and fit your purse.  
Men's Sizes.....\$2.00 | Boys' Sizes.....\$1.50 | Youths' Siz..... \$1.25  
8 MARKET STREET.

## Wheelbarrows

## Garden Tools

A. P. WENDELL & CO.'S

2 MARKET SQUARE.

## TAKE NOTICE.

Now is the time to buy HARNESSSES; we have a few at low prices. They will be higher.

JOHN S. TILTON'S  
Congress Street.

## COPPER IS KING

A SAFE INVESTMENT AND A SURE FORTUNE

can be made by buying Copper Shares now at the present price of 15 (15) cts. per share. You can realize at least

\$100 FOR EVERY \$10 YOU INVEST

The Copper Cliff Mining Co. owns 4 Copper mines in Kern Co., Calif. One Assays No. 1, 2, 3 & 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008, 1009, 1010, 1011, 1012, 1013, 1014, 1015, 1016, 1017, 1018, 1019, 1020, 1021, 1022, 1023, 1024, 1025, 1026, 1027, 1028, 1029, 1030, 1031, 1032, 1033, 1034, 1035, 1036, 1037, 1038, 1039, 1040, 1041, 1042, 1043, 1044, 1045, 1046, 1047, 1048, 1049, 1050, 1051, 1052, 1053, 1054, 1055, 1056, 1057, 1058, 1059, 1060, 1061, 1062, 1063, 1064, 1065, 1066, 1067, 1068, 1069, 1070, 1071, 1072, 1073, 1074, 1075, 1076, 1077, 1078, 1079, 1080, 1081, 1082, 1083, 1084, 1085, 1086, 1087, 1088, 1089, 1090, 1091, 1092, 1093, 1094, 1095, 1096, 1097, 1098, 1099, 1100, 1101, 1102, 1103, 1104, 1105, 1106, 1107, 1108, 1109, 1110, 1111, 1112, 1113, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1122, 1123, 1124, 1125, 1126, 1127, 1128, 1129, 1130, 1131, 1132, 1133, 1134, 1135, 1136, 1137, 1138, 1139, 1140, 1141, 1142, 1143, 1144, 1145, 1146, 1147, 1148, 1149, 1150, 1151, 1152, 1153, 1154, 1155, 1156, 1157, 1158, 1159, 1160, 1161, 1162, 1163, 1164, 1165, 1166, 1167, 1168, 1169, 1170, 1171, 1172, 1173, 1174, 1175, 1176, 1177, 1178, 1179, 1180, 1181, 1182, 1183, 1184, 1185, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196, 1197, 1198, 1199, 1200, 1201, 1202, 1203, 1204, 1205, 1206, 1207, 1208, 1209, 1210, 1211, 1212, 1213, 1214, 1215, 1216, 1217, 1218, 1219, 1220, 1221, 1222, 1223, 1224, 1225, 1226, 1227, 1228, 1229, 1230, 1231, 1232, 1233, 1234, 1235, 1236, 1237, 1238, 1239, 1240, 1241, 1242, 1243, 1244, 1245, 1246, 1247, 1248, 1249, 1250, 1251, 1252, 1253, 1254, 1255, 1256, 1257, 1258, 1259, 1260, 1261, 1262, 1263, 1264, 1265, 1266, 1267, 1268, 1269, 1270, 1271, 1272, 1273, 1274, 1275, 1276, 1277, 1278, 1279, 1280, 1281, 1282, 1283, 1284, 1285, 1286, 1287, 1288, 1289, 1290, 1291, 1292, 1293, 1294, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1298, 1299, 1300, 1301, 1302, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306, 1307, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1311, 1312, 1313, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1319, 1320, 1321, 1322, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1327, 1328, 1329, 1330, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1334, 1335, 1336, 1337, 1338, 1339, 1340, 1341, 1342, 1343, 1344, 1345, 1346, 1347, 1348, 1349, 1350, 1351, 1352, 1353, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1357, 1358, 1359, 1360, 1361, 1362, 1363, 1364, 1365, 1366, 1367, 1368, 1369, 1370, 1371, 1372, 1373, 1374, 1375, 1376, 1377, 1378, 1379, 1380, 1381, 1382, 1383, 1384, 1385, 1386, 1387, 1388, 1389, 1390, 1391, 1392, 1393, 1394, 1395, 1396, 1397, 1398, 1399, 1400, 1401, 1402, 1403, 1404, 1405, 1406, 1407, 1408, 1409, 1410, 1411, 1412, 1413, 1414, 1415, 1416, 1417, 1418, 1419, 1420, 1421, 1422, 1423, 1424, 1425, 1426, 1427, 1428, 1429, 1430, 1431, 1432, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1436, 1437, 1438, 1439, 1440, 1441, 1442, 1443, 1444, 1445, 1446, 1447, 1448, 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453, 1454, 1455, 1456, 1457, 1458, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1463, 1464, 1465, 1466, 1467, 1468, 1469, 1470, 1471, 1472, 1473, 1474, 1475, 1476, 1477, 1478, 1479, 1480, 1481, 1482, 1483, 1484, 1485, 1486, 1487, 1488, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 1493, 1494, 1495, 1496, 1497, 1498, 1499, 1500, 1501, 1502, 1503, 1504, 1505, 1506, 1507, 1508, 1509, 1510, 1511, 1512, 1513, 1514, 1515, 1516, 1517, 1518, 1519, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1530, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1561, 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1566, 1567, 1568, 1569, 1570, 1571, 1572, 1573, 1574, 1575, 1576, 1577, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1583, 1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1590, 1591, 1592, 1593, 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598, 1599, 1600, 1601, 1602, 1603, 1604, 1605, 1606, 1607, 1608, 1609, 1610, 1611, 1612, 1613, 1614, 1615, 1616, 1617, 1618, 1619, 1620, 1621, 1622, 1623, 1624, 1625, 1626, 1627, 1628, 1629, 1630, 1631, 1632, 1633, 1634, 1635, 1636, 1637, 1638, 1639, 1640, 1641, 1642, 1643, 1644, 1645, 1646, 1647, 1648, 1649, 1650, 1651, 1652, 1653, 1654, 1655, 1656, 1657, 1658, 1659, 1660, 1661, 1662, 1663, 1664, 1665, 1666, 1667, 1668, 1669, 1670, 1671, 1672, 1673, 1674, 1675, 1676, 1677, 1678, 1679, 1680, 1681, 1682, 1683, 1684, 1685, 1686, 1687, 1688, 1689, 1690, 1691, 1692, 1693, 1694, 1695, 1696, 1697, 1698, 1699, 1700, 1701, 1702, 1703, 1704, 1705, 1706, 1707, 1708, 1709, 1710, 1711, 1712, 1713, 1714, 1715, 1716, 1717, 1718, 1719, 1720, 1721, 1722, 1723, 1724, 1725, 1726, 1727, 1728, 1729, 1730, 1731, 1732, 1733, 1734, 1735, 1736, 1737, 1738, 1739, 1740, 1741, 1742, 1743, 1744, 1745, 1746, 1747, 1748, 1749, 1750, 1751, 1752, 1753, 1754, 1755, 1756, 1757, 1758, 1759, 1760, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771, 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775, 1776, 1777, 1778, 1779, 1780, 1781, 1782, 1783, 1784, 1785, 1786, 1787, 1788, 1789, 1790, 1791, 1792, 1793, 1794, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1798, 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809, 1810, 1811, 1812, 1813, 1814, 1815, 1816, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1823, 1824, 1825, 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087



## DEWEY IS A CANDIDATE

Admiral Says He Is Willing to Accept Nomination.

### REASONS FOR CHANGE OF MIND.

Many Friends Have Assured Him That He Would Be an Acceptable Nominee For the Presidency—Has Not Yet Made Public His Politics.

New York, April 4.—The World's Washington correspondent says that Admiral Dewey authorizes The World to announce to the American people that after mature reflection and in response to the earnest entreaties from all parts of the country his former decision not to under any circumstances to run for the presidency is rescinded.

A World correspondent saw the admiral at his home at 1747 Rhode Island avenue at 6 o'clock last evening and asked him if he was willing to make a statement relative to his attitude toward a nomination for the presidency. The admiral said:

"Yes, I realize that the time has arrived when I must definitely define my position.

"When I arrived in this country last September, I said then that nothing would induce me to be a candidate for the presidency.

"Since then, however, I have had the leisure and inclination to study the matter and have reached a different conclusion, inasmuch as so many assurances have come to me from my countrymen that I would be acceptable as a candidate for this great office.

"If the American people want me for this high office, I shall be only too willing to serve them.

"It is the highest honor in the gift of this nation. What citizen would refuse it?

### Presidency Not a Hard Office.

"Since studying this subject, I am convinced that the office of president is not such a very difficult one to fill, his duties being mainly to execute the laws of congress.

"Should I be chosen for this exalted position, I would execute the laws of congress as faithfully as I have always executed the orders of my superiors."

"Is there any political significance in your trip west?" the correspondent asked.

"No, I am simply filling the engagements made months ago—long before I ever thought seriously of the presidency."

"On what platform will you stand?"

"I think I have said enough at this time, and possibly too much."

The Brooklyn Eagle printed this story under a Washington date yesterday.

"There can be but little doubt that Admiral George Dewey is at least a receptive candidate for the nomination for president of the United States. After a talk with the admiral at his house The Eagle correspondent left with this firm impression and the conviction that he would not decline a nomination to that office were it tendered to him either by the Republican or by the Democratic party. Admiral Dewey's feeling in the matter is shown by the fact that he was made really angry by the suggestion that he would be wise for him to decline a nomination."

### Root Decides Against Dady.

New York, April 4.—The Herald says that, according to reports received here, Elihu Root has decided as secretary of war that the city of Havana must repudiate the \$12,000,000 contract for sewerage and paving which it made with Michael J. Dady of Brooklyn and then must pay Mr. Dady damages for its refusal to allow him to do the work. This decision has caused much surprise in local circles, and this astonishment has been increased by the fact that before he became secretary of war Mr. Dady paid \$50,000 to Mr. Root's law firm for an opinion as to his right under the contract, and it is said that this opinion was strongly in favor of Mr. Dady. When General Ludlow became military governor of Havana, he determined to do the work by military administration under his own supervision and not by contract. He announced this decision to Mr. Dady in person, and Mr. Dady appealed to the war department.

### Colonel Bryan in Tacoma.

Tacoma, Wash., April 4.—Colonel William J. Bryan made three speeches yesterday, one at Olympia in the morning and two here. In the afternoon he addressed 8,000 people in the New Wisconsin, and in the evening the building, with a capacity of 10,000, was packed. He left last night for Oregon. Colonel Bryan is almost worn out by his recent canvass of the state. When seen at the conclusion of his speech he could hardly articulate. His theme throughout the state has been antipatriotism and trust, a brief reference to silver and a plea for the income tax.

### Fourth Class Postmasters.

Washington, April 4.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed:

Pennsylvania: Chillisquaque, Jeremiah Summers; Clay, Abraham E. Lane; Conestoga, Harry C. Merryman; Fairview, James W. Scott; Mastersonville, J. S. Hackman; Richwood, Maggie G. Moorhead; Sunset, Joseph Hanna.

New York: Hartland, James Manchester; Plattsburgh, Michael Rath; Stockport, Charles E. Van de Carr; West Patterson, John L. Conklin.

### Killed Himself and Children.

Rochester, April 4.—Because he could get no more credit at a corner grocery store, Mrs. Catherine Meyer, aged 32, wife of a coal driver, living at 449 Joseph avenue, yesterday afternoon killed her two children, a daughter 3 years old and a son 1 year old, by throwing them into a eastern under the floor in the rear of the kitchen. She then threw herself into the stream, where all three bodies were found at 3 o'clock.

### Mrs. McKinley Better.

Washington, April 4.—Mrs. McKinley, who has been confined to her room for some time on account of an attack of grip, is greatly improved and yesterday for the first time in the last week or more was able to take a drive with the president.

### Movements of Warships.

Washington, April 4.—The Brooklyn has arrived at Yokohama. The Monocacy has sailed from Shanghai for target practice. The Dixie is at Naples. The USS Oregon is due at Hampton Roads on April 21.

## THE QUEEN IN IRELAND.

Drizzling Rain Dampens Reception at Kingstown.

Kingstown, Ireland, April 4.—For once the queen's proverbial good fortune in matters meteorological deserted her yesterday, and she arrived in Ireland amid weather that was typically Irish. A drizzling rain fell during most of the passage, keeping all the members of the royal party below decks. The trip occupied less than four hours.

Earl Cadogan, lord lieutenant of Ireland, and the Duke of Connaught, son of the queen and commander of the forces in Ireland, left the castle in Dublin at 3 o'clock and reached Kingstown at 3:30. They immediately boarded the yacht. The fleet meantime was firing another royal salute.

The bad weather and the change of programme greatly interfered with the public welcome of her majesty. There were comparatively few people in Kingstown when the queen actually arrived, but within the next three hours crowded trains brought a multitude, who, despite the heavy showers, thronged the quays watching the royal yacht, which was moored only a hundred yards away. Shortly before 6 o'clock the clouds broke, and the Irish showers yielded to a brief burst of sunshine.

It was necessary to postpone the fireworks, but the fleet was splendidly illuminated, and the marvelous spectacle was witnessed by hundreds of thousands of spectators from all parts of Ireland.

### To Improve Hawaiian Harbor.

Washington, April 4.—The naval board, of which Admiral Barker is chairman, appointed to prepare plans for the establishment of a naval and coaling station at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, has completed its labors. The board was deterred by the absence of data respecting the character of the coral formations in the harbor from submitting close estimates of the cost of making the harbor accessible for large ships. This data can be had only by a series of borings, which will be made while the work of improving the channel across the entrance bar is in progress. The \$100,000 recently appropriated will be utilized for this purpose as soon as the money can be transferred to the navy department.

### Many Skirmishes in Philippines.

Washington, April 4.—The war department has received from General Otis the following report, which is dated Manila, April 2: "Since Jan. 1 124 skirmishes in Philippines have been reported, mostly very slight affairs. Our casualties were 2 officers and 78 enlisted men killed, 13 officers and 151 men wounded. Insurgent and laudable loss in killed and left on field, 1,420; captured, mostly wounded, 4,433; small arms secured, 3,071; pieces of artillery, 165; large captures of other insurgent property. A number of important insurgent officers are surrendering, and the situation is gradually becoming more pacific."

### Claim Paid by Mexico Refunded.

New York, April 4.—An interesting item in the payments of the treasury was a check for \$100,000 payable to the republic of Mexico. This was to refund the amount paid by Mexico more than 20 years ago upon an award against that country on the Weil and La Arista claim. This claim was afterward found to be based on worthless representations. Mexico made the first payment under the award, but at the same time protested against the claim. The money was for this reason never paid over to the claimants, but remained in the treasury of the United States pending investigation.

### Fire in Penitentiary.

Columbus, O., April 4.—The large three-story building within the walls of the Ohio penitentiary occupied by built and furniture shops has been destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of over \$100,000. The fire is supposed to have originated on the third floor from a spark. The fire occurred after supper, and the 2,200 prisoners were locked in their cells. The state's loss is estimated at \$40,000, with no insurance. The Columbus Bolt works' loss is estimated at \$60,000 to \$100,000, with \$50,000 insurance.

### Hitting Miners Held For Trial.

Dubuois, Pa., April 4.—Twenty of the men who participated in the rioting at the Hiram mines a few days ago were held for trial at court. Five of them furnished bail, and the others were taken to Knoxville jail. The 15 women arrested with the men who were arrested were discharged. The situation at the workings of the Hiram-White company is the same, none of the men returning to work. At Dubuois there was a break in the ranks of the strikers, 51 of them resuming work.

### Taft Commission to Sail April 15.

Washington, April 4.—Judge Taft, president of the Philippine commission, spent some time yesterday afternoon in consultation with Secretary Root. He expects to leave Washington this afternoon, going to California by way of Chicago. He will pay a brief visit to his sister at San Diego, but will be in San Francisco by the 15th inst. to meet the remainder of the commission and to sail on the 15th for Manila.

### Trophies to Be Put in a Museum.

Washington, April 4.—Admiral Dewey has decided to deposit his entire collection of trophies in the National museum, including the sword presented to him by congress and the great loving cup procured by popular subscription. His object in so doing is to give the public an opportunity to view the collection, which is of great value and interest.

### Revolt in the Cameroons Spreading.

Berlin, April 4.—The serious condition of affairs in the German Cameroons continues to engage attention here. It is said that the revolt already extends along the entire length of the Munze river. Everywhere the villages are deserted, and the planters find it impossible to get workers.

### Republicans Win in Lincoln.

Lincoln, Neb., April 4.—Republicans elected their entire city ticket by an enormous majority. Members of the school board and five of the seven aldermen, a Republican gain of one alderman. The new city council will stand 11 Republicans and three Fusionists.

### Young Girl Hanged Herself.

Putnam, Conn., April 4.—Agatha Egan, aged 20, daughter of Joseph Egan, School street, committed suicide yesterday afternoon by hanging. Dependancy from ill health is believed to have been the cause.

### Weather Forecast.

Fair; diminishing southerly winds.

## PREPARING FOR BATTLE

Boers and British Facing Close to Scene of Ambush.

### FRENCH NEARLY READY TOATTACK

Burgheers Still Hold Waterworks—In Considerable Force Throughout the District—Carrington May Lead the Making Relief Expedition.

London, April 4.—All the signs that come from the seat of war indicate that a great battle is impending to the east of Bloemfontein, probably close to the point where the detachment of Broadwood's column was ambushed Saturday with such serious results.

From Masera come reports that the Boers are advancing. Firing was heard yesterday near Thaba N'chu.

While no severe engagement has apparently taken place yet, General Colville has kept constantly in touch with the Bloemfontein waterworks on some portion of them and have not been dislodged by the superior British force.

The Daily Mail's Bloemfontein correspondent cables that 1,800 Boers were at the time still on the hills near the waterworks, and that General Colville was shelling them from Burghman's kop, while General French was maneuvering to cut off their retreat.

According to the latest telegrams, the Boers and British were still watching each other Monday morning near Kora spruit, fighting having ceased at noon on Sunday. The Boers continue to hold the waterworks, and French is holding the drift on Waterval spruit, which is one of the three or four streams forming the sources of the Modder.

The British cavalry commander is reported to be only waiting for his preparations to be completed to make a move against the enemy.

The temporary loss of the waterworks is not felt by the troops or the citizens of Bloemfontein, for the reserve reservoirs close to the town hold a sufficiency of water.

### Boers Advance on Bloemfontein.

It is evident that the Boers are approaching Bloemfontein from the north notwithstanding the recent dispersal of the force stationed at Kora Siding and its retirement to Broadfont. Probably there are Boer commandos at Hottentots, to the northwest, and at Paardeberg, to the west.

New evidence is given daily that the great strength of the Boers lies in their ability to recover their spirit quickly. Being an army of irregulars, they are not so sensitive to defeat as disciplined troops.

No further light is thrown by late dispatches on the Kora spruit disaster. It now appears that only a battery and some wagons were caught in the drift by the ambushed Boers. A battery, which was behind, galloped off 1,200 yards and opened fire. The Boer host finally drove this battery into retreat, leaving two of its guns behind, owing to the slaughter of men and horses.

In the meantime the sergeant major of U battery, after repeated attempts, rescued one gun out of six. Up to the present time not one of these seven guns has been recaptured.

There is no confirmation of the rumor that a ladyband commando has been sent to pieces by French's cavalry.

The swiftness with which the situation in the Orange Free State has changed is a remarkable illustration of the mobility of the Boers. It is only ten days since Commandants Grobler and Olivier were hurriedly retiring along the border of Basutoland, pursued by the British from Cape Colony, while French's cavalry was supposed to be ready to cut off their retreat.

### Large Force From Kroonstad.

From Winburg, or perhaps from Kroonstad, comes a large force of Boers to their comrades and Grobler retreats his steps. From Sunnied, Olivier takes possession of Ladybrand, and a united army 10,000 to 12,000 strong is gathered together in a wonderfully short time. Totally unobserved by the British scouts, this force hunk itself upon Thaba N'chu and afterward on Samah Post and the waterworks. Thus the whole military situation has been reversed.

General Carrington's men, who are going by the Beira route to Salisbury, in Rhodesia, will probably march to Bulawayo, where the railway will be at their command. The advent of this force of good size will make the Transvaalers fear a raid on their capital from the north.

If Colonel Baden-Powell has been warned that he must hold out until May 24, it may be General Carrington and not Kitchener, Methuen or Plumer, who will lead the relief column to Mafeking. The garrison reported all well up to March 20.

### Cronje Sails For St. Helena.

Cape Town, April 4.—General Cronje, Colonel Schiel and 1,000 Boer prisoners sailed for St. Helena last night.

### Tumult in Italian Deputies.

Rome, April 4.—The agitation following the recent tumultuous debates in the chamber of deputies, culminating in its adjournment, is spreading rapidly throughout Italy. The situation is rather grave, as the Extreme Republicans and Socialists are fomenting the discontent. Pandemonium reigned yesterday afternoon in the chamber when the majority forced through the rules shutting off debate. The opposition, especially the Extreme Left, rose to its feet in a mass, shaking fists, howling, stamping, threatening and calling the president a swindler. The tumult lasted half an hour, when the chamber adjourned for several weeks.

### Keels of New American Liners Laid.

Philadelphia, April 4.—The keel of the first of the two mammoth passenger steamships to be built by the Cramp Shipbuilding company for the American line has been laid. The two vessels will be the largest ever constructed in the western hemisphere and will have a length of 600 feet each. The ships will have immense carrying capacity, and their outfit will be palatial. They will have 12,000 to 15,000 horsepower and will be slower in speed than the present ocean greyhounds, the vessels being constructed more for comfort and carrying capacity than for speed.

### De Pont Mills Blew Up.

Wilmington, Del., April 4.—The western part of the city was shaken by a snap-popped heavy explosion early this morning, and it is reported that some of the powder mills in the Huxley yards of the Du Ponts have blown up.

## MOLINEUX A REAL STOIC.

Prisoner a Marvel to His Keepers in Sing Sing.

Sing Sing, April 4.—The staidness of Roland B. Molineux excites as much wonder in Sing Sing prison as it did in the Tombs. Though he has been two months in the deathhouse, not once has he given a sign of weakening.

Though apparently stolidly indifferent to his surroundings, he is always cheerful. Even when his wife and mother call he never gives way to outbursts of feeling.

The prison officials say he is the most optimistic prisoner they have ever known. That he is hopeful cannot be doubted, and he looks forward with confidence to the time when the court of appeals will grant him a new trial. He has not the slightest doubt of the issue.

Just now the prisoner is reading Dickens' "Tale of Two Cities." He follows the somber narrative with the same interest he showed when reading "Les Miserables." When tired of reading, he still continues his studies in mathematics.

Molineux's wife and mother will continue to live in Sing Sing till his fate is settled. They call as often as the prison regulations will permit. General Molineux pays two visits a week to his son, going from Brooklyn.

Weeks & Battle hope to have their appeal ready to argue at the June term of court, which meets in Saratoga. If so, Molineux should know his fate within 60 days.

If the appellate court should decide against him, Governor Roosevelt will be asked to pardon Molineux or commute his sentence. If necessary, the case will be carried to the United States supreme court.

### Quizzing Last Resign.

New York, April 4.—James Ely Quigg has announced that he will resign his place as president of the New York county committee at the next meeting to be held on April 19. In making this announcement Mr. Quigg was frank. He said "private business" had nothing to do with his determination; that he believed the interests of the Republican party demanded it. Simultaneously with the announcement of Mr. Quigg's retirement came the inspired statement that Collector George J. Bulfinch would take his place at the head of the county committee.

Mr. Bulfinch acknowledged the move made by Edmund Bodine, sergeant-at-arms of the county committee. Mr. Bodine has been making his business home at 100 Broadway, in Mr. Quigg's private business office. Yesterday Mr. Bodine moved his belongings—his desk and chair and waste basket—from 100 Broadway to the custom house.

### Explanation of Reichmann Story.

Washington, April 4.—The war department officials do not believe the story that comes from South Africa to the effect that Captain Carl Reichmann, Seventeenth infantry, was one of the leaders of the Boers at the last fight between the Boers and the English at the Bloemfontein waterworks. Reichmann's brother-in-law, a man who knows him well, says that it is very probable that Reichmann occupied some conspicuous point of vantage from which to view the fight, and his discovery in uniform by the British was the basis for the assumption that he was one of the Boer leaders. Reichmann was selected by General Miles personally to accompany the Boer forces during the war as an observer for the United States army. The army was already represented on the British side by Captain Slomum, and in the interest of military secrecy it was deemed essential that an accurate idea should be had of the Boer methods of warfare.

### Sigsbee in St. Paul.

St. Paul, April 4.—Captain Charles D. Sigsbee, chief of the bureau of intelligence, who during the Spanish-American war was commander of the Spanish-American auxiliary cruiser "St. Paul," the largest warship ever known, as he terms it, was last night the guest of honor at a banquet at the Ryan hotel. The day was spent in a visit to Minneapolis, where citizens gave the famous commander a rousing reception. Last night 400 St. Paul and Minnesota officials and citizens sat down to an elaborate banquet, after which a few toasts were responded to. Ambrose Tighe officiated as toastmaster. Marcus D. Grover toasted "The Navy," and Captain Sigsbee responded, appropriately and feelingly speaking of the service to which he has devoted his life. Rev. Dr. J. D. Paxton responded to the toast, "Suspend Judgment." Several informal speeches closed the evening.

### Trying Olga Netherwold.

New York, April 4.—Ten married men and two bachelors were chosen yesterday in the criminal term of the supreme court, Justice Fursman presiding, to try the case of Olga Netherwold and her associates accused of offending public decency by their production of the play "Saphro" at Wallack's theater. The selection of the jury was expeditious. Only 24 talesmen were called.

### Bates Occupies Several Towns.

Manila, April 4.—General Bates has occupied without opposition the towns of Surigao, Cagayan, Iligan and Nusamis, in northern Mindanao. The navy also took part in the operations. General Bates captured 215 rifles and a number of cannon. The Surigao district is in the northern part of the island of Mindanao. Iligan is about 65 miles farther south.

### A Household Disgrace.

There is no justification for the feast and famine principle or the "blue Monday" idea in the home. They are ever an arraignment against the intelligence and womanliness of the mistress, mother and homemaker. It is the boast of some wives that their husbands accept uncomplainingly whatever is put before them, be it good or bad. Alas, that any woman should make a boast of self acquiescence! And alas, that any good but mistaken man should become a party to selfish neglectfulness and indolence by his complaisance.—Ella Morris Kretschmar in Woman's Home Companion.

### Rheumatism Cured in a Day

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Hill Drugist, Portsmouth.

### BRECHMAN'S PILLS.

No equal for Constipation.

## STRIKES ABOUT NEW YORK.

Several of Them Nearly Over—Look-out on Staten Island.

New York, April 4.—The strikes of the carpenters, engineers and rock drillers in Manhattan and the Bronx are nearly over, the men having generally obtained the demands made by their unions. Most of the contractors or their representatives (called at the headquarters of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and signed the agreements, and thereupon their men were immediately sent back to work. There will, it is said, soon be a large demand for more carpenters in the Bronx, and contractors cannot well afford to have strikes on their hands at present.

The demands of the safety engineers and rock drillers for an advance of wages have been nearly all granted except those of the men employed by Contractor John C. Rogers. About 125 of these men were on strike today. A committee from the union is to call on him tomorrow, and the members expect to make a satisfactory arrangement with him.

In Yonkers the Brotherhood of Carpenters asked for an advance of wages (41 cents an hour and a Saturday half holiday). The bosses offered 37½ cents an hour without a half holiday, which would make the men's wages the same as under their demand, with the half holiday, \$18 per week. The men refused the offer of the employers, and many of them were locked out. Later, in the day the men reported that some of the employers had yielded. The painters in Yonkers also demanded 41 cents an hour and a Saturday half holiday. The demand was refused, and the union men struck. In Newark, N. J., the strike situation remained practically unchanged.

The lockout of the carpenters of Staten Island decreed by the Master Builders' association on Sunday night is still in effect.

### Thrilling Experience With Burglar.

New Canaan, Conn., April 4.—Elizabeth J. Northrop, aged about 45, who lives alone in a farmhouse in an isolated place about three miles from here, had a thrilling experience with a burglar early this morning. The woman is a sister of Mrs. Susan Anderson, who was murdered about a year ago. Rumor has it that she has considerable money hidden in the house, and this morning the house was entered by a masked burglar who demanded that Miss Northrop tell him where she had the money secreted. She denied having any money and repeated threats proved unavailing. The burglar then attacked her and, after rendering her unconscious by a blow on the head, tied her in a chair and proceeded with an ax to demolish bureaux and other articles of furniture where possibly there might be money hidden. The search was kept up for nearly two hours, but it proved unavailing. Miss Northrop succeeded in freeing herself and notified the authorities.

### Clemens Before House of Lords.

London, April 4.—Mark Twain (Mr. Samuel L. Clemens) was examined as a witness yesterday before the select committee of the house of lords on the copyright bill. He expressed the opinion that the copyright laws of Great Britain and the United States were now so nearly what they ought to be that they only needed one "commercially trifling but morally gigantic amendment in order to become perfect." Mr. Clemens explained that the amendment would be the removal of the 42 years' limit and a return to perpetual copyright. Mr. Clemens contended that there was no distinction between an author's rights and any other kind of property. He did not believe that in the long run the question of copyright or no copyright governed the price of a book. If perpetual copyright had been given to the works of Shakespeare, Mr. Clemens was confident that "The Bard of Avon" could still be had in 25 styles and at 25 prices.

### Walker Canal Commission Returns.

New York, April 4.—The Atlas line steamer Alleghany, which has just arrived here, brought Rear Admiral J. G. Walker, Colonel G. H. Ernst, Professor E. H. Johnson of the University of Pennsylvania and ex-Senator Samuel P. Pasco of Florida to the isthmian canal commission. The commission has spent the last three months in Central America selecting the best route for a canal between the Atlantic and Pacific, and all of the commissioners have now returned to this country except G. H. Morison, who is still at work on the isthmus of Darien. The commissioners started at once for Washington, where the commission will be busy for some time preparing its report, which it expects to present in December. Admiral Walker refused to divulge the opinions of the commission as to which is the best route, and also declined to commit himself on the question of whether the canal should be fortified.

### New York Legislature.

Albany, April 4.—In the senate Mr. Raines made grave charges against Dr. Truman J. Backus, ex-mayor of the Long Island State hospital, and defended Governor Roosevelt's course in refusing to reappoint him. Thirteen measures, among which were the Fallows anti-Ramapo and the charter revision commission bills, were passed over Mayor Van Wyck's veto yesterday. The anti-Ramapo bill was passed by the assembly and the charter commission measure by the senate. The Merchants' association has abandoned the Morgan bill. The bill removing the \$50,000 limit of capitalization for corporations operating on the canals was passed by the senate. The senate also passed the tenement house commission bill. Many other bills were passed by both houses.

### Democrats Win in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, April 4.—Mayor David S. Rose (Dem.) triumphed at the municipal election in this city and carried the rest of the city ticket with him. He will have a plurality of at least 5,000. William Bollow and John R. Wolf were re-elected treasurer and comptroller respectively. Mayor Rose stood on a platform setting forth the recent 4 cent fare ordinance and cheaper water rates, which legislation was enacted during his past administration. Henry J. Baumgartner, the Republican candidate, campaigned against the manner in which the street railway ordinance was alleged to have been railroaded through the common council. Judge Emil Wallber (Rep.) was elected county judge.

### Nebraska to Aid India.

Lincoln, Neb., April 4.—Governor Pointer has issued an appeal to the people of Nebraska asking for contributions to aid the starving of India. Sympathy and duty, the governor says, demands that the people of the state lend their assistance from their abundance.

**Parsons Pills**  
Doctors recommend them for Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, all Liver and Bowel Complaints. They cleanse the blood of all impurities. Mild in their action. Of great benefit to delicate women. One pill is a dose. Thirty pills in a bottle enclosed in wood—25 cents; six bottles, \$1.00. Sold everywhere or sent post-paid.  
I. S. JOHNSON & COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

## Essential Cards.

Dr. C. O. Smith, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Removed to 69 Congress St., Opposite Courthouse House.

Up on Flight. Telephone Connection.

OFFICE HOURS: 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Special Attention Given to Diseases of Men and Children.

## G. E. PENDER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

105 Congress St., Lincoln Building.

Hours: 10 A. M. to 12 P. M. and 7 to 9 P. M.

Residence: 28 State St.

Office: 26 Congress St., Portsmouth, N. H.

Office Hours: 10 A. M. to 12 P. M. and 7 to 9 P. M.

Residence: 28 State St.

Office: 26 Congress St., Portsmouth, N. H.

Office Hours: 10 A. M. to 12 P. M. and 7 to 9 P. M.

Residence: 28 State St.

Office: 26 Congress St., Portsmouth, N. H.

Office Hours: 10 A. M. to 12 P. M. and 7 to 9 P. M.

Residence: 28 State St.

Office: 26 Congress St., Portsmouth, N. H.

Office Hours: 10 A. M. to 12 P. M. and 7 to 9 P. M.

Residence: 28 State St.

Office: 26 Congress St., Portsmouth, N. H.

Office Hours: 10 A. M. to 12 P. M. and 7 to 9 P. M.



# TATTLING CLOTHING.

HOW A MAN'S GARB MAY PROCLAIM HIS RANK IN LIFE.

A Philadelphian Tailor Tells How He Reads Character as Well as Vocation in the Man's Garments That Pass Before His Critical Eye.

"You may talk about getting knowledge of your fellow men through the art of phrenology or palmistry; about being able to read the people you meet by observing the lines about the mouth, the turn and form of the nose or ear or the shape and expression of the human eye, but I'll tell you," said Frank S. Flanagan, proprietor of the Pantorium, "there is nothing so clearly indicative of a man's character as the clothes he wears. We clean and press men's clothing here, and it is never necessary for him to tell us his vocation in life. We learn it from his clothes. We know whether he is married or single, and if married how much he wife thinks of him. If single, whether he lives at home or is boarding. He is no mystery to us. We know whether he is a doctor, lawyer, newspaper man, gambler, priest, college professor, merchant, actor or what not. We can tell whether he is bowlegged, nervous or indifferent. If he likes children or is in love, his clothes bear that telltale. In fact, you never know a man until you clean him. When I get my hands on a man's suit of clothes, he is no longer unknown to me."

"You take the ministers. Of course they all wear a garb that is significant of their calling. The back of the coats they bring here to be fixed are always shining like a plate glass mirror. Their lapels are out of line from much pulling and hauling to improve their appearance. Their trousers shine too, with a brilliancy that speaks of long vigils and hours of prayer, with perhaps an extra polish obtained in putting down carpets or too frequent rubbing with the palms of the hands, smacking their legs in laughter while cracking jokes. They do not wear creases lengthwise in their trousers pressed by the iron, but the creases circle around the legs. That's caused by holding the children on his lap. Pshaw! You can always tell a preacher's clothes."

"The lawyer's clothes are almost as easily distinguished as the preacher's. The seat of his trousers is always thin. You see, he generally sits on a wooden or cane bottom chair. This part of his trousers is only an education. If the hole is worn completely through, he adopts one of two measures. He either wears a longer coat or has his pants 'half sold.' If he wears a longer coat to hide the lardiness of his apparel, he is continually grabbing the bottom edge of it to keep the wind from disclosing his secret. If he has his trousers patched and continues to wear his sack coat, he looks shamefaced and backs out of one's presence like a tumblebug. And then, too, the inside coat pocket of a lawyer is always full of papers. This makes the pocket sag, and it soon gets out of shape. The elbows of the lawyer's coat are always shiny. In studying he puts his head in his hands and rests his elbows on the table."

"I can tell a doctor too. His clothes, while generally clean and well preserved, have the smell of iodoform about them. Then, too, he always leaves his clothes to be fixed at a certain hour. Other men call for their clothes about on time. Not so with the physician. He is always two or three hours late. He is very apt to leave a small vial of morphine tablets in his pocket."

"A most peculiar suit of clothes is worn by the pickpocket—yes, I have them for customers too. His pockets are as numerous as the political pie hunters. Pockets on the inside of pockets. Pockets under the waistband. Pockets everywhere. I never saw the like of places to conceal stolen articles. He might be searched a hundred times and still retain his 'swag.' I wish you could have seen a pair of pants I fixed up for one of those circus gruffers. That pair of pants just had exactly 43 pockets."

"Gamblers and liquor dealers have more neatness about their dress than any others. They dress in more ostentation than the men of other callings. The gambler generally wears cards or poker chips in his pockets, and I have no trouble in finding him out."

"Take the grocery man, for instance. His clothes smell of almost everything from fish to peppermint candy. They are more or less soiled from coming in contact with hard and other grossy substances. They wear an apron in front, which protects that part of the suit."

"It's funny to see the newspaper man's clothes. He don't have time for the use of a coat. There are two full moons in his pantaloons, and nary a patch is there. His trousers are fringed at the bottom, and he generally wears his pants turned up. He is fairly neat in appearance—that is, keeps his clothes clean, because he seldom has more than one suit."

"The bowlegged man is a daisy. He likes his trousers creased in order that he may appear straight limbed. He sits tight in the saddle of his pants. His suspenders are short. The buttons on his trousers have hard service. His vest is shorter than otherwise, but the point of the knee to the side of the crease gives him completely away. That may be the reason that women like bowlegged men, because they keep their pants pressed and creased."

"The college professor has neat clothes, but in them you will find fine particles of chalk dust, etc."

"Old Commodore Vanderbilt, whose head was so long he could eat out of a churn, gave it his opinion that to be successful in life a young man must be natty. Now, the longer we live the more forcible becomes his advice. Each succeeding generation becomes natter in appearance. There was a time when a dirty, tobacco splattered shirt front signified dignity and profundity of intellect. But things have changed and from out a heterogeneous mass of pseudo natty people our young man of today is evolved. We find him to be neater and cleaner than we were; but, try how he will, man can never escape from the fact that his tailor knows more about him than his wife."

—Kansas City World.

## His Strong Point.

Mrs. Gooding—"For my part, I can't understand why you desire to associate with that Mr. Emptyhead. He is one of the least interesting persons I ever met."

Mr. Gooding—"I must admit that he is not very brilliant, but he is the only man I know very well who never gives me any advice as to how we ought to bring up our boy."—Chicago News.

# A BUCCANEER CAROUSAL.

How M. d'Ogoreau Relieved the Boredom of Their Booty.

M. d'Ogoreau gave the orders to his negro cooks and stewards, posted armed guards in convenient niches so that his guests could be handily shot down if they resented any part of the carousal, and then, with his two armed body servants, Alphonse and Jean Paul, betook himself to the squalid town below, where he was relieved with shouts which were not entirely those of compliment. For three hours he was swallowed up out of vision, and then once more reappeared on the road which led to the castle, arm in arm with the chief of the buccaneers, with a procession 50 strong bellowing choruses at their heels.

They lurched up the winding pathways, stamped through the grim gateway, with its decoration of shivered heads, and clustered into the long low hall of the castle, where was set ready for them a feast made up of coarse profusion. On the blackened wood of the table were hogs roasted whole and great smoking joints of fresh meat and joints of buccaneer meat and roasted birds, with pimento and other sauces, and before each cover was a great blackjack of liquor set in a little pool of sloppings.

To a European eye the feast was rather disgusting than generous, but to the buccaneers, new from the lean fare of shipboard, it was princely, and they pledged the governor with choking drafts every time they hacked themselves a fresh platterful. Each buccaneer had brought with him his bucket of pious of eight, which he nursed between his knees as he sat, with a loaded pistol to pounce as a make weight and a measure to pounce as a make weight. All had glutted themselves with meat they swept the joints and platters to the floor, not waiting for the slaves to remove them, and called for more drink and the dice boxes, both of which were promptly set before them.

And then began the silliest exhibition imaginable, for the buccaneers, with abstinence at sea, were unused to deep potations, while M. d'Ogoreau, though he had been drinking level with the best of them, was a seasoned cask which wine could never addle. —Pall Mall Magazine.

## THE SHOEMAKER SAINTS.

Story of the Roman Brothers Who Perished by the Sword.

St. Crispin and his brother Crispinian (always associated together in the calendar) were two natives of Rome, who, having become converts to Christianity, set out for Gaul to preach the faith about the middle of the third century, along with St. Quintin and others. The brothers settled at Soissons, where, in imitation of the apostle Paul, they began to preach publicly in the market place, and with their hands at night, earning their own subsistence by making shoes, though nobly born. They supplied the poor at a low price, and a legend tells us that an angel supplied them with leather. The heathen listened to their instructions and were astonished at the charity, disinterestedness, piety and contempt of glory displayed in their lives, and many were converted to the Christian faith.

After they had been thus engaged for several years the Emperor Maximilian Hercullus came into Belgic Gaul, and a complaint was made to him against the brothers. He, desiring to gratify their accusers, as well as to indulge his own savage cruelty, gave orders that they should be brought before Riccius Varus, the most implacable enemy of the Christians of that time. The saints bore with patience and constancy the most cruel tortures, and at length finished their course by being beheaded with the sword about 287 A. D.

According to a Kentish tradition, their remains, being cast into the sea, were washed ashore at Romney Marsh. In the sixteenth century a great church was built in their honor at Soissons, and St. Eligius richly ornamented the shrine.

From their martyrdom to the present time they have been regarded as the patron saints of shoemakers, who were accustomed to honor their day (and are yet in some towns) by great festivity. One special ceremony was a procession of the brethren of the craft with their wives and small white various characters representing King Crispin and his court were sustained by different members. —Gentleman's Magazine.

## Ghosts.

Dr. Daniel G. Brinton contributes an article on "Popular Superstitions of Europe" to The Century. Dr. Brinton says:

Ghosts were naturally more numerous in earlier conditions of society, for then man had so many souls. Now we are content with one, and there are some who try to make us doubt even that modest allowance, but in the good old days each person was credited with several. There was one, for instance, which belonged to his body and must abide in it or death would arrive; then there was the dream soul, which, I have said, might wander through time and space at will during sleep, and, most important, said many, is the name soul, that which gives us distinctive individuality of one person from another, and, not to continue the list to a tiresome length, there was the bone soul, which remained in the bones after the body had passed to dust. The last mentioned was of peculiar value, for on its persistence depended the chance for resurrection into life on earth. The faith in this was high universal. When the body of Elijah touched the dry bones of the long dead warriors, they clothed themselves in flesh and were restored to living beings. The rabbis taught that especially in the bone lotz, the last of the spinal vertebrae, dwell the spirits of the deceased. It is indestructible, say they, and not even a strong man with a sledge hammer can break it.

## The Word "Ale."

What could be more English than the word ale? It carries us back to the banquets of our dead ancestors in Valhalla, and some of its compounds open up vistas into that old England which is fast disappearing, becoming a tale that is told, obsolete itself. Such are alebush, a tavern sign; ale conner, "an officer appointed in every court leet and sworn to look to the assize and goodness of bread, ale and beer." Alecost, the name of a kind of tansy used to flavor the rustic's home brewed, has a good old English look. Yet it bears witness to the mongrel nature of the speech of this mongrel nation, one being from the Greek kotos, a savory herb of species unidentified. Alegr is eager or sour ale, used as vinegar. —Cornhill Magazine.

## What It Proved.

Miss Youngthing—Boo-hoo-hoo! Charley's given me a ring set with a mean little turquoise.

Her Mother—That's an emblem of constancy.

Miss Youngthing—It isn't! It's proof of stinginess!—Jewellers Weekly.

# THE CZAR'S SEAMEN.

RUSSIANS MAKE THE WORST SAILORS IN THE WORLD.

Those From the Baltic Hate the Government, and Those Drafted From the Interior Detest and Dread the Sea—Gun Practice Almost Unknown.

Unless the Russian sailor is greatly belied, he is the last person to be the ideal of a modern man-o'-war's man. The impression made on the observant foreigner in any Russian naval port, alike by the raw recruit and by the finished article, is distinctly unfavorable, and experts who have been on intimate terms with the Muscovite seamen assert that the Russ makes the worst sailor in the world.

Perhaps no nation in the world has less cause for seafaring than the Russians. The idea indeed of a Russian man-o'-war's man will strike many Englishmen as positively ludicrous. Still, with a little instruction and drill under a British captain, they proved more than a match for the Russians on the Caspian. Captain Elton toward the end of the last century organized the Persian navy for Nadir Shah and beat the Russians again and again till they were glad to make peace on the terms dictated by the ruler of Teheran. So much for the Russian sailors of a century ago, and what they were when the Persians under Elton showed themselves their betters they remain to this day.

Russia at the outset is unfortunate in regard to her supply of raw material available for the marine service. To make a good man-o'-war's man, ready, resourceful, obedient and cheerful, early familiarity with the sea is almost indispensable, and in many circumstances there must be some liking for the hardships certain to be endured on a battleship. But Russia, despite her vast extent of territory and great coast line, has practically no seafaring population of her own race. Her resources for naval recruits are limited to the Baltic coast, the shores of Courland and the Finnish provinces, so designated, with the Finnish sea line. The trusty and reliable fisher folk of these regions are not Russians, nor have they any sympathy with the Slavonic race that rules and, as they look, oppresses them. Omitting the few Finns, who are German in origin, in feeling and in aspiration.

They differ from the Russians in that most important essential, their religion. The treatment they have received at the hands of the emperor's ministers on account solely of their adherence to the Protestant faith is such that they dislike, or rather hate, the Muscovite. The Baltic recruit detests his superiors and instructors, for they are the Slavs who oppress him and suppress his churches. He submits to discipline because his Teutonic instructors compel him to obey, but his obedience and his performance of the duties allotted to him are purely perfunctory. He has no pride in the service, and he looks forward to the time when he will be discharged and return to his home to forget as far as he can his term of employment in the imperial marine.

The Russian naval officers know the feelings of the Baltic population and instead of doing their utmost to conciliate them and improve the relations that exist between the German and Slavonic elements adopt a system of rigorous discipline and repression which they consider effective. The consequences are desertion and drunkenness. It is owing to this that no Russian seaman who is not a Slav—that is, who hails from the Baltic—is ever allowed ashore in a foreign port, for he rarely returns. The discrimination between the Baltic born recruit and the pure blooded Slav in the matter of leave and punishment does not tend to make either the service or the Russians themselves more popular with the best class for seafaring.

The increasing requirements of the Russian navy for seamen and stokers as well as for artificers have rendered it impossible to rely entirely on the supply of recruits from the Baltic provinces and Courland. The Finns are not bad sailors and are hardy and tough, but there are not many of them, and their physique is not such as to enable much dependence to be placed on them as fighters, while they require rigorous discipline. Severity in the case of these people frequently induces suicide. Hence to supplement the numbers required recourse is had to ordinary recruits from the Russian interior, who are drafted into the marine service.

Now, if there is anything the true born Muscovite abominates it is the sea. He is naturally an inland creature, a man of the steppe and plains, safe only as long as his feet touch the firm earth. And, like all such folk, he regards the sea with something of the awe that inspired the early Slav race to designate the ocean and death by one and the same word. To him service at sea is a punishment, and his demeanor on board shows sufficiently that he considers he is doing penance. He is invariably stupid, and his stupidity leads to punishments as degrading as they are useless. Beyond obeying orders he has no idea whatever and is really incapable of acting on his own initiative in any circumstances.

He is never cheerful save when his very liberal allowance of vodka is served out to him, and his one idea of happiness is to get "drunk as his captain." He will take up his pay in order to get drunk and indulge in a drinking bout with his messmates, calculating in advance exactly how many glasses of spirits his savings will provide him with. He will hand over the amount to the tavern keeper, specifying the number of tumblers to which he is entitled, and it is no uncommon thing in a seaport town to see the conscientious dramschop proprietor pouring a glass of spirits down a sailor's throat long after he is quite unconscious, to make up the requisite total. Unable to read and write, the Russian man-o'-war's man has no recourse in his spare time when alone. He can only drink and gamble as he sees his superiors doing when off duty.

Of course his training is a matter on which experts alone are qualified to speak fully, but he receives most of it ashore, and not at sea. The gunners gain experience in handling weapons in position mounted ashore likewise, and it is safe to affirm that two-thirds of the men in the Russian imperial navy have never fired shot or shell from a gun afloat. The Russian sailor, though physically sound enough, has none of the smartness of the British tar or the cheerful, if less alert, readiness of the French salt. Stolid and stiff under inspection, he is loose and shambling when the eyes of his superiors are off him. His obedience is absolute, but it is the obedience that is fatal to initiative. The discipline to which he is subject is so rigorous as to cow him and kill those feelings of stoutness and self reliance which strike an Englishman as among the first requisites of a thorough man-o'-war's man. —London Post.

# THE DEW FLOWER.

One of Nature's Strangest Whims. It Blooms in Death Valley.

In the lower eastern part of the state of California is a trackless waste of hot sand known as Death Valley. Across it, bleaching in the sun, are scattered the bones of ambitious white men and horses that have essayed to pass over its torrid bosom in early days.

A few stunted shrubs, a rotting prairie wagon, a stretch of telltale bones and a sea of sand make up its scenery. Rising from the horizon are the blue crests of the Panamint mountains, almost lost in the haze, and all around hovers the awful desolation that mates with barrenness and silence.

Yet in the midst of it all there is a brief moment at the dawn when this heat ridden spot becomes as rich and beautiful as an ocean of tinted satin undulating and billowing into space. Death valley is one of nature's strangest whims. When the sun goes down at night time on the hot waste, it would seem that no flower of God's creation could live upon it. But before morning the heavy dews wafted by the winds from the mountains fall in misty showers upon the parched plain. An hour or two before sunrise the moist sand, with its undercurrent of warmth, gives life to the dew flower, and when the light begins to glow in the east myriad tiny pink flowers burst into bloom, hugging the sand for the few moments they are destined to live.

The first rays of the sun come slanting across the field and, as though a hot breath had touched the garden, the colors fade and the dew flowers wither and disappear, mowed down like wheat before the reaper. In five minutes the sand takes back its pallid color, the heat waves begin to coil upward in the hot air and the picture painted by nature's brush is gone.

A few courageous and fortunate men who have crossed this valley of death have witnessed this remarkable scene and told how in 24 hours one can experience all its pleasures at the rising of the sun and its horrors and heat during the day. —New York Journal.

## GO LIVE ON A FARM!

There Freedom, Health and Happiness Await Your Coming.

The person who does not love life in the country has lost the best part of his nature by being cast out of the garden of Eden at an early period of his life, to be artificially reared on the sights, sounds and smells of the streets, alleys and sewers of some city. He knows nothing of real home life—has never had a little—has no idea of the pleasures and joys of a street, he has very little sense of home joys and affections. The pure air and water of the country, its holy quietudes, its gentle appeals to all the senses, its solitudes, where tumult and mob never intrude; its delightful woods, its sports and pleasures, its loves and friendships, undefined by the dust and grime of crowded tenements and thronged thoroughfares; its sacred privacy and seclusions, its leisure, its freedom and independence from the intrusions and demands of hurrying urban life, and its sacred exemptions from the gross contacts and associations of the bustling, hustling and shouldering streets—all these and more akin to them make the rural existence a perpetual delight, undefined by the conditions that attend the constant pressure of mixed and crowded populations.

The farm is not a bohemian, but it feeds the world. To one accustomed to its labors are easy and healthy. Its incidents interesting, its rests, changes and relaxations, with exchanges of visits, always full of recreation; its crops engaged continual care and attention, with daily vicissitudes of weather that never destroy hope and even cheer with promise of fruition, and at the last, with garnered crops, it affords you plenty, with a roaring fire under your own roof—happy in being monarch of all you survey, despite the struggles for bread in the cities and the never ending exertions and woes inseparable from style and its silly rivalries.

Go back to the country, young man! Go back to the farm, seize the plow and become an independent and happy man, though you may miss wealth, fashion and luxury. —Norfolk (Va.) Pilot.

## Right After All.

A head adorned with shaggy and unmanageable whiskers was thrust out of the window, and a voice that fitted the head inquired:

"What is this Mr. Higgins?" came a still, small voice from the shade of the doorway below.

"Please come to 414 High street just as quick as you can and bring your instruments."

"I ain't no doctor; I'm a carpenter. Dr. Higgins lives in the next street."

And the window came down with a slam that told of former experiences of the same kind on the part of the humble artisan.

But Carpenter Higgins had not got comfortably back into bed before the bell rang again, and uttering some remarks, he rose once more and went to the window.

"Well, what do you want now?" he ejaculated.

"Please, sir," said the little voice, "it's you we want. Pat and ma's shut up in the foldin' bed, an' we can't get 'em out." —Pearson's Weekly.

## The Art of Making Friends.

Dullerton—Prigster is always picking me up on my grammar.

Smarto—And you and he don't get on together at all?

Dullerton—Of course not. How could we? Smarto—By doing as I do. When I speak to him, I use bad grammar purposely to give him an opportunity to correct me. Then I thank him and say how much obliged to him I am. We get along together beautifully. —Boston Transcript.

## Serves a Good Purpose.

Caller—I sent you a poem about three weeks ago. What have you done with it?

Editor—I'm holding it. Every little while lately I got to thinking that we are not getting out as good a paper as we ought to, and then I take that poem and see how much worse the sheet might be and that makes me cheerful again. Say, how much'll you take for it?—Chicago News.

The most famous cavalry of antiquity were the Parthians. Their invasion of Judea 40 B. C. resulted in such terrible devastation of the country that 100 years later the terrors of the Parthian invasion gave the apostle John the idea for one of his most vivid pictures.

The caribou or reindeer of Newfoundland roam over an area of some 25,000 miles of unbroken wilderness. They are magnificent creatures, some of the larger ones weighing from 500 to 600 pounds.

# THE ARTFUL COYOTE!

HE IS UGLY, COWARDLY, SMART, RASCALLY AND TRICKY.

In the Art of Disappearing From View Like a Streak of Fading Light He Is Unusually Prolific—His Peculiar Ability as a Musician.

What is a coyote? A coyote is a little animal of the wolf species that inhabits the foothills of the Rocky mountains. He is about 15 inches high and long in proportion, and is the embodiment of duplicity. His color is indescribable. He is neither white nor black nor yellow, nor any other well defined color, but a sort of blending of all, producing a hue that can best be described as coyote. He is not beautiful either in appearance or character. There is nothing attractive about him. He is not troubled with conscientious scruples. Neither is he brave, and he won't fight unless he is compelled to. He is a scrub wolf in every sense of the word.

His physical beauty is about on a par with his moral aspect. He has a little peak shaped head, in the front of which, very close together, is a pair of the brightest, blackest, wickedest little eyes that ever shone in the moonlight. He does not appear to be possessed of any great amount of brains, but there is more unadulterated cunning wrapped up in his hide than can be found in the same amount of space anywhere else in creation. The man who imagines that a coyote does not understand his business just because he has not a high forehead will soon learn that the principles of phrenology do not apply to this epitome of everything that is smart, rascally, tricky and impudent.

In regard to his ability to get over ground—in other words, to change his spots—too much cannot be said. It is a good deal like the wind. You cannot tell whence he cometh nor whither he goeth. When he makes up his mind to place a certain amount of space between himself and a given locality, he does not stand on the order of going. He does not run in the common conception of the term, but he suddenly transforms himself into a dimly defined streak of gray light that shimmers across the landscape for an instant and then sinks into oblivion so far as mortal vision is concerned.

He is seldom seen in the daytime. The glare of the sun does not seem to be suited to his make up. He prefers to waltz around among the sagebrush in the soft light of the moon. During the day he is of a retiring disposition and recuperates his exhausted vitality from the previous night's debauch under the friendly shade of a projecting rock or in the deep seclusion of a clump of quaking asp from the busy haunts of man and remote from any trail or road.

The coyote is not choice as to his diet—that is, he can accommodate himself to circumstances. His favorite dish is live jack rabbit, and a moonlight race between a coyote and a jack rabbit is an interesting affair. It is conducted on the strictest of business principles, and no time is lost in arranging preliminaries. There is no hippodroming or selling out in that race. It is a square deal and fair play. If the jack rabbit comes out ahead, it is a new lease of life for him. If the coyote scores in that lining, it means a Thanksgiving dinner for him. But fond as he is of jack rabbit he will not disdain a luncheon of dead mule when he is playing in hard luck. He sometimes eats prairie dog, but not often, for prairie dog is not good eating even for a coyote. Once in awhile a hungry coyote will prolong his nightly revels till a comparatively late hour in the morning. In that case he may steal up to the hole of a prairie dog before the latter is up and conceal himself within easy springing distance, and the first time the prairie dog emerges from his house to take a look at the rising sun the coyote will pounce upon him and carry him off to a quiet spot somewhere in the recesses of the foothills and make a breakfast of him.

Frontiersmen often wonder what he does of coyotes, for nobody ever saw a dead one. A mountain lion may get one occasionally, but it is not a common occurrence. Sometimes a coyote is accidentally started from his rest by a hunter, but if he can once get a free between himself and the hunter, no matter if there is not another tree within five miles, the hunter will never see the coyote again. To call him an artful dodger would but feebly represent his character in that direction. He is never to be depended on to follow any given line of conduct. The only way to arrive at even an approximate conclusion as to what action a coyote will take under certain conditions is to decide what he is most likely to do and then wait patiently for him to do just the opposite thing.

To a lover of nature's music a coyote concert is a rare treat. It may not be altogether the music in itself; the environmental help a good deal. You should lie on a grassy knoll away up somewhere near the headwaters of the Arkansas river, in the still moonlight on a warm summer night, with the stars not so warm to bewick the silence, and wait for developments.

Suddenly there arises from a foothill over across the gulch a low, crooning sound, like the moan of the wind when the leaves are falling. It comes when an answering wail, only a little louder, floats over the still night air from the opposite direction. A third voice breaks in from still another direction; another and another from other points of the compass, until the shadow of every sagebrush seems to conceal a singer, and a hundred tuneful throats are joining in that wild, weird melody that gradually grows in volume till the great plateau is vocal with the music of this improvised band of nature's musicians. This may continue for an hour, when a voice will drop out here, another there, and so on, until the crescendo has turned into a diminuendo, and finally the one lone voice from the sagebrush where the first notes of the concert arose is the only one that can be heard. It sinks into a faint moan and dies away so gradually that it is difficult to draw the line between the silence and the sound.

When the coyote was turned loose from the workshop of nature, he was perfect in his peculiar way. There was no room for improvement on the part, and he howls today, or rather tonight, with the same unimpaired originality that he did when he sat on his primal foothills when the morning stars first sang together. —New York Sun.

## Correct.

Teacher—What becomes of the children of Agamemnon?

Pupil (after nature deliberation)—I think they're dead by this time. —Harlem Life.

Quebec, with a population of 70,000, has six daily newspapers, four of which are in the French language.

# SNAKES IN COSTA RICA.

The Cobra de Sangre Is the Most Deadly of Them All.

Costa Rica means the rich coast, and in most respects it is rich, particularly in the snake family, the most deadly of which is the terrible cobra de sangre, or blood snake.

This variety of reptile does not grow to a large size, and perhaps for that very reason is most to be dreaded, as it is not so easily seen. It is red and resembles a large swollen vein ready to burst with blood.

A short time ago I stepped on one of these snakes, and like a snake he came at me, but as I had a pair of rubber leggings on no harm was done, though it was a close call. Not so fortunate was a poor day laborer who was bitten by the same variety of snake. The man was working for a neighbor of mine, and I did not see him until the day after he was bitten. The moment I heard about it I went over to see the poor fellow, taking with me a remedy for snake bite, thinking it would do no harm to try it, anyway. When we reached the man's camp, the sight that met our eyes was a sickening one.

The man was bleeding from his nose, mouth and ears; also from his finger and toe nails. How a man could bleed as much as he had and still live was a marvel. He had been bitten in the foot. Only one fang of the serpent had entered the flesh. The manager of the estate had given him several doses of curative, a medicine made in Colombia and much used here in Central America for poisonous bites. We also gave him the medicine which I had brought with me, which made him vomit profusely.

In a few hours' time the bleeding stopped, and next day the poor fellow was sent to the hospital. No one expected that he would live, as the bite is considered deadly; but, strange to say, he did recover and in a month's time was at work once more. If both fangs of the snake had entered the foot instead of one, he would undoubtedly have died. I have known a horse to die in a few hours after being bitten by one of the snakes. In hunting in this country one must always keep a sharp lookout for snakes. —Forest and Stream.

## EPIDEMIC OF "JERKS."

A Singular Affliction That Accompanied a Southern Religious Revival.

Religious history, so full of anomalies, nowhere chronicles anything stranger than this epidemic of "jerks." It began at Red River church in Robertson county, Tenn. about 1837, and spread thence in every direction. So did the revival wave, of which it was an accompaniment rather than a manifestation. If the influence, whatever it was, came with vigor, the most hardened sinner was not exempt. Sometimes it affected barely one foot; sometimes it took both; again it was one hand and the feet or the arms alone; sometimes the head was the seat of attack, and it drew violently from side to side with fixed features and glassy, staring eyes. Those who fought hardest against it fell prone, writhing, twisting, crying out with the pains of severe cramps. Those who sat passive fell into something like a mild catalepsy.

Plains folk sang and shouted "Glory!" as they jerked. Frightened sinners laid hold upon the nearest stable thing and wobbled slightly to free themselves. It was no light matter to be thus gripped with "the power," as the simpler folk called this undefinable force. Down the preacher, tells of passing a camp ground some miles out of Knoxville and seeing upon the grounds 50 to 100 stout sailings, out off breast high and made smooth for the jerkers. "The earth roundabout them was torn up as by horses stamping at flies or bulls in anger," he adds naively, and goes on to say the jerk auditions, of all conceivable things, dancing.

Particularly for Christians the jerks were exquisitely painful, but as soon as the jerkers began to dance pain was banished, they became intensely happy, assumed a fixed upward gaze, as though looking into the gates of gold, and wore a heavenly smile. Sinners who danced away pain, but lacked the blissful exaltation. Sometimes they danced themselves into insensibility and came out of it weak, as if recovering from mortal illness. —Godey's Magazine.

## Plural Mothers.

Under the title of "Plural Mothers" a writer in the Madras Law Journal discusses the question whether "between two females, both of whom are entitled to claim as mothers, primogeniture depends on priority of marriage or upon seniority of age."

This brings to mind the anecdote of a supposed lunatic in an insane asylum who claimed to be Napoleon (or Julius Cesar, perhaps it was) and when told that he had not long before claimed to be Alexander the Great dexterously replied, "Ah, but that was by another mother."

This alleged plurality of mothers is somewhat startling. In India, however, the problem arises on the adoption of a child by a man who has several wives, each of whom thereby becomes a mother of the child.

## Old Time Surgery.

A grim souvenir of an old time war was on view in a cutler's window in the east end of London recently. It is an ebony handled saw, which, according to the inscription on a brass



# THE HERALD.

(Formerly The Evening Post)  
ESTABLISHED SEPT. 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted.  
Terms \$4.00 a year, when paid in advance; single copies 10 cents per copy, delivered any part of the city or sent by mail.  
Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.  
Communications should be addressed to:  
**HERALD PUBLISHING CO.,**  
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.  
Telephone No. 21-3.

**F. W. HARTFORD,**  
**B. M. TILTON.**  
Editors and Proprietors.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H. Post Office as second class mail matter.

## FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news? Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it.

THURSDAY, APRIL 5, 1900.

Sixty two new silk mills were established in this country last year. These factories were necessary to supply the plutocratic American farmer with dress goods for his daughters.

One cannot contemplate the unutterable Lentz without realizing what would happen to that unpleasant person if candidates for congress had to pass a civil service examination.

Now that the University of Chicago has raised another \$3,000,000, the managers will probably conclude that they can afford to provide the institution with a brand new college yell.

If the senate wants to oblige Mr. Quay it will proceed to shake the plum tree without any more fooling. The gentleman is quite convinced that the fruit is ripe enough to gather.

With a campaign fund of only \$4 at their disposal, the Michigan prohibitionists can't possibly do much more than counteract the effect of one of the Hon. Haza Pingree's intemperate speeches.

Things have come to such a pass in Kentucky that the republican who isn't suspected of complicity in the assassination of the late Senator Goebel considers himself slighted. These instances, however, are exceedingly rare.

You don't find the dear people worrying about the price smashing war between the rival leaders of the sugar business. As a matter of fact, the mild-mannered consumer is half inclined to shout: "Let the good work go on!"

In the last sixty years England has paid \$250,000,000 in direct subsidies to steamship companies engaged in ocean commerce. As a result she controls the traffic of the seas and has got her money back three times over. What England has done America can do.

American pork has been barred out of Turkey, the authorities holding that it is unwholesome. In view of the fact, however, that our annual exports of pork to Turkey consist of two or three cans of ham and an occasional sausage, the order of exclusion is not likely to give any sudden jar to the hog industry in this country.

### DEWEY'S CANDIDACY.

The announcement of Admiral Dewey's candidacy at this time will have no effect on the plans or policy of either of the two great parties. The nomination of McKinley by the republicans is conceded, while the nomination of Bryan by the democrats is absolutely certain. Dewey would have been a very likely candidate six months ago, but the announcement at this late date will fail to receive passing attention in the policy of both parties. Dewey is not the popular favorite he once was. He served his country with great glory during the Spanish war and returned home to be almost overwhelmed by the plaudits of an enthusiastic nation. His name is one of a permanent and conspicuous place in American history. With this great reputation to contend, the White House is out of his grasp. His ambition must be satisfied on this side of it. Indeed, so decided had he passed from the public eye as a presidential possibility, that his reported determination to make for the high office was regarded as a universal incredulity until he was confirmed from his own lips in the columns of Wednesday evening.

## FIRED TO KILL.

### The Prince Of Wales Picked For Assassination.

### Shot At Twice By a Lad In Brussels.

### He Escaped Unhurt And The Criminal Was Arrested.

BRUSSELS, April 4.—The Prince of Wales was shot at today while leaving the railroad station here. He was not hurt. The shot was fired from the revolver just as the prince's train was leaving the northern station for the southern railroad station. The bullet missed his highness. The would-be assassin's name is Stido. He is only sixteen years of age and is a resident of this city. His pockets were found to be full of anarchist literature. Upon being arrested, Stido said that he tried to kill the prince because "he is responsible for the slaughter of thousands of men in South Africa." The lad fired two shots at the prince. The princess and others were in the car at the time, but none of them was hit by the bullets. The station master, upon hearing the shots, rushed upon Stido immediately and knocked down his arm just as he was about to fire a third time. A number of persons standing by then threw themselves upon Stido and held him for the officers. A second man, suspected of having fired at the prince, was roughly handled by the crowd. So soon as the prince found himself uninjured, he announced the fact and the train at once started. Stido said he did not regret his attempt to kill the prince and declared that he would do it again if he should get another chance.

### News Drew Big London Crowds.

LONDON, April 4.—The despatch telling of the attempted assassination of the Prince of Wales was posted at the Mansion house tonight and attracted immense crowds, who expressed themselves in alternately anathematizing the criminal and cheering for the prince.

### FUND SWELLED BY THE BLIND

LONDON, April 4.—A substantial sum was added to the fund for the American hospital ship Maine by a concert in the Crystal Palace by the students of the Normal College for the Blind. It was a remarkable and varied performance, unsurprisingly well rendered. Madame Albani volunteered her services and sang several times. The queen and Princess Louise wrote their names as patronesses of the affair.

### GENERAL BIDWELL DEAD.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—A special to the Call from Chico, Cal., announces the death of Gen. George Bidwell, who was the prohibition candidate for the presidency in 1892.

### STILL BESIEGED.

LONDON, April 5, 2:30 A. M.—A special despatch received from Mafeking reports that the town was still closely besieged by the Boers on March 27th.

## For the Baby

The fifty-cent size is just right for the baby. A little of it in the bottle three or four times a day will supply precisely the fat all thin babies need. If your baby does not gain in weight as fast as you would like, try

## Scott's Emulsion

The result will please you. If the baby nurses, the mother should take the emulsion. It makes the baby's food richer and more abundant; only buy the dollar size it's more economical.

Both mother and child will feel at once its strengthening, upbuilding and fat-producing properties.

### DEWEY TALKS ABOUT HIS CANDIDACY.

NEW YORK, April 4.—A despatch from Washington to the Brooklyn Eagle, regarding the announcement of Admiral Dewey's candidacy for the presidency, quotes him as saying: "I am in the position of the officer who awaits orders from those above him. The editorial in Monday's Eagle caused me to come out openly in the matter. It forced the issue." Then, the despatch adds, Admiral Dewey was asked to outline the platform on which he would run, and to state whether it would be as a democratic or republican candidate. He promptly answered: "Presidents do not make platforms. The people do that. I will say, however, that I believe the platform of the American flag will cover almost all the pending national questions. The people undoubtedly would like to be enlightened as to the candidate's stand on the silver issue. The fact that I am from Vermont ought to settle that."

### SENATOR PROCTOR SURPRISED.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Senator Proctor of Vermont, speaking about the statement of Admiral Dewey's candidacy, said: "It is as surprising to me as to other people. The matter has never been referred to between Admiral Dewey and myself, since his return last fall. Then, as I remember it, he stated that he did not propose to become a presidential candidate."

### GRATIFIED AT HIS FRIENDS' RESPONSE.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Admiral Dewey this evening expressed his gratification at the manner in which the announcement of his candidacy has been received by his friends. Many telegrams have come to him today, especially from the south and the far west, endorsing his action and pledging the signers' support.

### CLEVELAND NON-COMMITTAL.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 4.—Former President Grover Cleveland, when asked tonight for an expression concerning Admiral Dewey's announced bid for the presidency, replied that he had nothing to say.

### SURPRISE IN MONTPELIER.

BOSTON, April 4.—A despatch to the Herald from Montpelier, Vt., says that Admiral Dewey's candidacy causes great surprise among his relatives and friends there.

### THE AUDACIOUS BOERS.

LONDON, April 5, 2:00 A. M.—It looks this morning as if the Boers had conceived the audacious plan of investing Lord Roberts in Bloemfontein or of delaying his advance upon Pretoria by harassing his lines of communication. On his part, Lord Roberts is concentrating his army and preparing to take every advantage of the bold but risky tactics of the enemy.

### NOT A JARRING NOTE.

LONDON, April 4, 7:50 P. M.—The special despatches to the London papers concerning the visit of the queen to Dublin make mention of not the slightest jarring note in the demonstration, (if such occurred.) This is considered a remarkable form of the welcome accorded her majesty.

### HER MAJESTY WEARS SHAM-ROCK.

DUBLIN, April 4.—The queen was wonderfully pleased with her reception and complains of no fatigue. The popular enthusiasm has swept aside all political feeling. Before landing, her majesty asked for a bunch of shamrock. It was procured, and she wore it on her breast throughout the day.

### RHODE ISLAND GOES REPUBLICAN.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 4.—The republicans carried the state in the annual election today. William Gregory of Kingstown defeated Nathan W. Littlefield of Pawtucket, for governor, by about 8300 majority.

### RESCUED A BUNCH OF PRISONERS.

BLOEMFONTEIN, April 4.—Col. Porter, with a small detachment, attacked the Boers yesterday and rescued ninety-one of the British prisoners (including eleven officers) captured in the disaster to the cavalry last Saturday. There were no casualties on the British side.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

No big strings of trout have yet been brought into the city.

### JURY COMPLETED.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The jury in the case against William F. Miller, former manager of the 520 per cent. Franklin syndicate, was completed today, and District Attorney Clark opened the case for the prosecution.

### WFAATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Forecast for New England: Fair Thursday; fair and warmer Friday, fresh west winds.

### BISMARCK'S HUMOR.

It was rollicking and aggressive and didn't even spare himself. Bismarck's humor was entirely of the German stamp, says Professor Kuno Franke in The Atlantic. It was rollicking, rollicking, aggressive, unsmiling of himself as little as of others—cynic, immoderate, but never without a touch of good nature. His satire was often crushing, never venomous. His wit was racy and exuberant, never equivocal. Whether he describes his visit to a hotel table his exordium is as one of those figures which appear to one when one has the nightmare—a fat frog without legs, who opens his mouth as wide as his shoulders, like a carpenter, for each bit, so that I am obliged to hold tight on by the table from goodness, whether he characterizes his colleagues at the Frankfurt Bundstag as "mere caricatures of periwinkle dignitaries, who at once put on their official visage if I merely beg of them a light to my cigar and who study their words and looks with Regensburg care when they ask for the key of the lavatory," whether he sums up his impression of the excited, emotional manner in which Jules Favre pleaded with him for the peace terms in these words: "He evidently took me for a public meeting," whether he declined to look at the statue erected to him at Cologne, because "he didn't care to see himself fossilized," whether he spoke of the unprecedented popular ovation given to him at his final departure from Berlin as a "first class funeral"—there is always the same childlike directness, the same naive impulsiveness, the same bantering earnestness, the same sublime contempt for sham and hypocrisy.

### Prayer of a Homely Man.

A resident of Chicago, who is one of the ugliest as well as one of the best known citizens of this metropolis, met a man the other day who was as homely as himself. They exchanged condolences.

"I never saw a man who looked so worse than I do," said the Chicago man. "I was hunting in northern Michigan when I ran against a fellow whose face would frighten an army."

"Just to get acquainted, I put up my gun and took aim at him."

"What are you trying to do there?" he yelled at me.

"I made a resolution a long time ago, I told him, 'that if I ever found an uglier man than I am I would shoot him.'"

"He stood there under the trees for a minute, looking me all over."

"Well," he said finally, with a sarcastic drawl, "if I look any uglier than you do, for goodness' sake shoot!" —Chicago Journal.

### Gong the Limit.

A State street restaurant carries beside the doorway a board which says that three eggs will be served "in any style" for 10 cents.

It is said that a man bringing with him a trace of Irish brogue came into the place the other day and called the waiter over to him.

"Three eggs for 10 cents," he asked.

"That's right."

"Any style?"

"Any style."

"Well, I'll have one fried, one boiled and one poached, and hurry 'em up."

—Chicago Record.

### Bullets.

Bullets, partially hollow, which expand in the wound, are sometimes used for shooting deer, while hollow headed explosive bullets are in request for dispatching tigers, elephants and other big game.

In the French-German war 4,500 Hebrews were in the German army, of whom 327 earned the Iron Cross for bravery in the field.

Each year about 20,000 is expended in sprinkling the streets of London with sand to prevent the horses from slipping.

Keep yourselves up to concert pitch by taking BEECHAM'S PILLS  
10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

## Get Estimates

FROM THE HERALD ON

## JOB PRINTING.

For neat and attractive printing there is no better place.

## CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE.

WITH increased facilities, the summer here is again prepared to take charge and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be entrusted to his care. He will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of lots, and the removal of bones in addition to work at the cemeteries he will be glad to grade in the city at short notice.

Cemetery lot for sale, also Lawn and Turf. Orders left at his residence, corner of Richards avenue and South street, or by mail, or by Oliver W. Ham (successor to S. B. Fletcher on Market street), will receive prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN

## A Mother's Duty

## 7 Sutherland Sisters' Scalp Cleaner

has stood at the apex of all shampoo washes, while the "Hair Grower" has been so successful in its efforts to return the unused scalp and almost back to hair to their original healthful condition.

## NOW

Is the time to inspect the samples of

## SPRING CLOTHING.

I have just received a new lot of samples and I am prepared to make suits from \$15.00 up and pants from \$4.00 up.

CLEANING, REPAIRING AND PRESSING A SPECIALTY.

Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed

## O'LEARY, THE TAILOR, 5 Bridge Street.

H. W. NICKERSON,  
LICENSED EMBALMER  
— AND —  
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,  
5 Daniel St., Portsmouth.

Calls by night at residence, 9 Miller avenue, or 11 Gates street, will receive prompt attention.  
Telephone at office and residence.

## Gray & Prime

DELIVER

## COAL

IN BAGS

NO DUST NO NOISE

111 Market St Telephone. 2-6

## PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

### OAK CASTLE, NO. 4, A. G. E.

Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Charles F. Cole, N. C.; Fred Gardner, P. C.; Charles E. Oliver, V. C.; Geo. E. M. Smiley, V. H.; R. P. Gandy, H. T.; True W. Priest, R. of E.; Allison L. Whitney, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, W. of R.; James Kehoe, S. H.

### PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, NO. 8, O. U. A. W.

Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, every other Thursday.

Officers—Fred Joslyn, C.; Arthur Woodman, V. C.; Thomas D. Sperry, J. Ex-C.; James E. Harrold, Sr. Ex-C.; Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank C. Langley, F. S.; Edward Voudy, I. P.; William P. Gardner, O. P.

### PORTSMOUTH LODGE, NO. 97, B. P. O. E.

Meets at 121, Daniel St., Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month, except Second Tuesday of June, July and August, and Fourth Tuesday of September.

Officers—True W. Priest, E. R. H. B. Dow, T.; I. R. Davis, S.

### BESOR SHATE, NO. 602, K. A. E. O.

Meets in Pythian Hall, Second and Fourth Fridays in each month.

Officers—Excellent Senator, Arthur S. Johnson; Sr. Seneschal, J. F. Chickering; Jr. Seneschal, Arthur C. Dales; Sarsaacs, E. W. Voudy Rec. Sec., J. E. Harrold; Fin. Sec., A. O. Caswell; Treas., F. C. Langley; St. Vigilante, John B. Forbes; Jr. Vigilante, Chas. H. Magraw; Surgeon, Dr. A. B. Sherburne; Warden, W. P. Gardner.

## THE MAN OF THE HOUR

A Magnificent Portrait Of....

## ADMIRAL DEWEY

In Ten Colors (size, 14x21 inches)



Will be published by us shortly. It is now being printed for us on heavy plate paper in a fine suitable for hanging, by one of the largest and lithograph houses in America, in the famous French style of color-plate work. Every American family will want one of these handsome pictures of Admiral Dewey. It must be remembered that the picture will be in no sense a cheap chromo, but will be an example of the very highest style of illuminated printing. It will be an ornament to any library or drawing-room. Our readers can have the Dewey portrait at what it costs us (namely, ten cents per copy) by merely filling out the coupon below, and sending it to this office at once. There will be such a demand for this portrait when it is published that we advise sending orders in advance. As many copies as may be desired can be had on one coupon, providing ten cents is sent for each copy. Write name and address plainly, and remit in coin or postage stamps.

To THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD, Portsmouth, N. H.

For the enclosed remittance of.....cents, send me.....copies

of the ADMIRAL DEWEY PORTRAIT in colors as described in your paper.

Name.....

Address.....

# TANGIN

## JUST FOR WOMEN



### WEAKNESS

When your delicate organs are weak and out of order, you suffer from dull, bearing-down pains, severe headache, tenderness, and feel wretched for several days every month. Unless you are cured, you will soon be a broken-down woman, unable to enjoy your life—

A sufferer from female weakness.

An unsolicited letter from Bangor, Me., reads:—

"I suffered all the miseries of female weakness, but could not get any relief. I was advised to take Tangin. The first bottle gave me great relief, and the second bottle made me entirely free from pain. I am very grateful to Tangin for removing my weakness."

Mrs. J. A. Lindsay.

### TANGIN

will build you up, strengthen your nerves and invigorate your delicate organs. It is a tonic and stimulant that will warm your blood and vitalize your nervous system; then you can enjoy life.

Tangin is absolutely necessary in your home. It acts quickly and gives permanent relief.

Sold by all druggists.

If you do not understand your symptoms, write us, and our doctor, an eminent New York specialist in the diseases of women, will prescribe for you without charge.

You ought to try Tangin. Send us your name and address, and we will send you a sample bottle, free of charge.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,  
NEW YORK.







## SUITS AND JACKETS

Already the stock is arriving and we are daily selling to ladies who are looking for first choice.

We have a custom tailoring department this season and would be glad to show you now through both departments.

**LEWIS E. STAPLES,**

27 Market Street.

## A DRUGGIST

Nowadays....

Not only must have a complete knowledge of drugs, but to sell pure drugs he must know their adulterations; he must know just what to look for. We have that knowledge. We sell pure drugs and are careful.

**Goodwin E. Philbrick,**

Franklin Block,

Portsmouth, N. H.

## FARM AT AUCTION

MONDAY, APRIL 9, at 10 a. m., on the premises, will be sold the farm belonging to George W. Pease, situated on the "Blue beach road" in town of Newry, containing thirty acres, about equally divided in pasture and tillage. Land is very early with gentle southern slope, pasture is well watered, good well near house. House contains eight rooms, and bath and is commodious and in good repair. This farm is situated within one-half mile of the beach, on a good location commanding an excellent view of the ocean, and is every way very desirable.

### ALSO.

at same time and place will be sold a magnificent building site on the same road near the above farm. This lot contains about one and one-half acres with a frontage on the road of about two hundred feet, grand ocean view and good natural drainage.

Terms: fifth cash at time of sale, balance within fifteen days. Further particulars may be obtained of Calvin Page, attorney for the heirs on farm.

**J. C. Tobey, Jr.,**

Auctioneer.

## Stoddard's Stable

HAS BEEN FITTED OUT WITH NEW CARRIAGES.

You can get the handiest and most comfortable car for the road in this state.

## STODDARD'S.

KW HACKS, FOR WEDDINGS AND OTHER PARTIES

TELEPHONE 1-11.

## SALE AND LIVERY BUSINESS

**S. G.**

BEST 10c CIGAR

In The Market.

**S. GRYZMISH, MFG.**

Pure Havana.

## THE HERALD.

THURSDAY, APRIL 5 1900.

### CITY BRIEFS

The tax assessors are busy. Paine's Celery Compound. Globe Grocery Co.

New water pipe is being laid on Woodbury avenue. This is a special stockholders day on the Boston and Maine railroad.

The small boy is happy—Donald Ell's show will be here on June 7th. Conner, photographer studio, (formerly Nickerson's,) No. 1 Congress street.

Cake maple goods are on the market and quoted at twenty-five cents per pound.

The joint committee on finance will have a meeting at the city building this evening.

Ivy Temple will have a turkey supper and whist party on the evening of Friday, April 13th.

Five lodgers and one drunk made up the sum of Wednesday night's business at the police station.

The mock auction at the Woman's exchange last Saturday evening netted almost fourteen dollars.

An enjoyable assembly under private auspices was held in Conservatory hall on Wednesday evening.

Fisherman's Luck will be presented at Music hall this evening by the Portsmouth Dramatic company.

This is the season of millinery openings and the feminine heart is stirred with pleasant anticipations.

The first concert and dance of the Larkin club will be held at Peirce hall on Thursday evening, April 26th.

It does not look as if any Portsmouth people would be present at the opening of the Paris exposition this month.

Robins defeated Kehoe eleven points in a hundred point game at Coleman's pool rooms on Wednesday evening.

Rubber heels become very popular and John G. Mott is fitting out the local public with an excellent article.

The Ladies' Social circle of the Universalist church took place on Wednesday evening and was well attended.

Special sale of Onions at the Globe Grocery Co.'s meat department on Thursday and Friday at 15 cents a peck.

St. John Lodge, A. F. & A. M., inducted one or two candidates on Wednesday evening and then sat down to a spread.

Harry Mow and Frank Woods will play an exhibition game of pool—150 points—at the New Marlboro tomorrow evening.

Never in the history of the millinery art have the millinery shops of this city presented a more engaging and attractive display.

Lots of money made on New York Stock Exchange with \$30. Send for particulars. ARCHIBALD ARNOLD, 21 Broadway, New York.

A number of people in the near suburbs have tapped the maple trees near their residences and commenced syrup making on a small scale.

A young lady riding her bicycle on Court street was thrown to the ground and assisted to her home, apparently badly shaken up by the fall.

Big parties are coming from York and Kittery to attend the production of A Fisherman's Luck, at Music hall, this evening, by the Portsmouth Dramatic company.

Bishop Bradley will pay his Episcopal visitation to the Church of the Immaculate Conception on Thursday, May 21th, when a large class will be confirmed.

Norace Mitchell of Kittery Point is moving the Mary Randall house, which has been a landmark near the Hotel Chaperonne, to his farm on the Atlantic house road.

"Plenty of rain this month means an abundance of Mayflowers next month," said a Portsmouth man who can see a pleasant side to everything, even a cold, disagreeable rain storm.

It is only a question of time, say the police, when the forger who recently worked the merchants here, will be captured. It is not the fault of the police that the man is not already in custody.

The Portsmouth navy yard golf club has been reorganized and the following officers elected: Dr. DeValin, president, Capt. Harrington, vice president, Capt. T. H. Low, sec., Commander Smith, treasurer.

Grand Master McLane of Milford was unable to make his official visit to St. John's lodge, A. F. & A. M., of this city on Wednesday evening, the 13th inst., on account of the illness of one of his relatives.

The last two weeks before Easter is always a busy time for the tailors. A local outfit of the kind is a very necessary article that there is an avalanche of impatient customers rushing in with demands for spring suits and odd trousers.

### OBJECT TO TRUSTEES

The Norton Will to Be Contested in the York County Court.

In the probate court at Alfred, Wednesday, the Norton will case of York was continued for a month. A contest is likely to be made against the will by the son and daughter and it was in the hope that an agreement might be reached in relation to their claim that the matter was continued.

The son is J. Perley Norton of York and the daughter is Mrs. Ida E. N. Smith, also of York. Under the terms of the will, the whole property was left in trust, the income of three-fifths to go to the son, and the income of the remainder to the daughter.

It is understood that the effort to break the will is to be made because of the desire of the son and daughter to have control of the estate themselves, instead of having it in the hands of trustees. The property is valued at about \$100,000.

Fairfield & Moore of Saco represent the son and George E. Bird of Portland is looking after Mrs. Smith's interest. Judge H. H. Burroughs of Saco is attorney for the executors.

### LIKE A MILEAGE BOOK.

Books of Stamps Will Be Sold Here in About a Month.

An innovation will be offered at the postoffice about May 1. Postmaster Bartlett received notice in the last general orders that about that time the postoffice department will be ready to supply the postmasters for sale to the public small books of two cent stamps. These will be interleaved with paraffined paper to prevent premature adhesion. The pages of six stamps each will make up the book which will be of convenient size to carry in the pocket or pocketbook. There will be three sizes and an extra cent will be charged for each to pay for the binding and covers. The two page size with 12 stamps will cost 25 cents, the four page size with 24 stamps 49 cents, and the third size with 48 stamps will cost 97 cents.

Several other changes have already been made in the daily bulletin which have not officially come to the postoffice as yet, but are expected in the near future.

### WIER CHANGES HANDS.

Kittery Point Property Sold to E. Newton & Son of this City.

The fish weirs at Pochontas point, Geriah island, which for some years have been operated by Mitchell & Company of Kittery Point, have passed into the hands of E. Newton & Son of this city. Newton & Son began today to load poles for their outer weir, near Wallis sands. Their Little Harbor weir will also be improved this spring.

At the present time, Newton & Son have twenty three men employed on their weirs and the season promises to be a busy one for the firm.

### OBSEQUIES.

The funeral of Mrs. Frank Williams was held at the home of her sister in Amesbury, Mass., this forenoon and the body arrived here this afternoon and was taken to Harmony Grove cemetery, where the interment took place under the direction of Undertaker O. W. Lam.

At the home of the deceased on the Lafayette road at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the funeral of Edward Walcott was held, the Rev. C. M. Seaborn of the Advent Christian church officiating. The interment was in the family lot in Proprietor's cemetery.

### WARD FIVE DELEGATES.

The democrats of ward five, on Wednesday evening, the 13th inst., chose the following delegates to the coming convention:

State—A. K. W. Green and J. Ed. Pickering.

District—Edward Russell and Patrick Moran.

Alderman A. N. Wells presided over the meeting at which these selections were made and W. H. Phibney was secretary.

### A GREAT BOWLING SCORE.

It is very doubtful if the crack bowlers of Boston have ever equalled the three string total, at candle pins, which was made by Sam Whitehouse on the Portsmouth alleys, Wednesday evening, the 13th inst. In a practice game, he scored the remarkable high figures of 371. He made a couple of nineteen spares, one seventeen and one eighteen, and a single strike. His strings were 120, 100 and 103.

### WATER FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, April 4—Tag Luzarne and large Barquet, coal, from Perth Amboy.

Sailed, April 5—Tag Piscataqua and barges P. N. Co. No. 10 and York, for Boston.

### PERSONALS

Hayes Cotton is on a trip to New York. Howe Call was in Boston on Wednesday.

Mrs. Robert King of Rogers street is quite ill.

True W. Priest was in Boston on Wednesday.

Mrs. George H. Joy is a visitor in Boston today.

Miss Lucy Woods of Pleasant street passed Wednesday in Boston.

Police Officer Henry Hallbrook has recovered from his recent illness.

John L. Beacham of Woburn visited K. H. Beacham on Wednesday.

Former Alderman A. C. Hoyt is out doors again, after quite an illness.

Mrs. Albert Lee of Union street is visiting her parents in Lynn, Mass.

Miss Mand Simpson and brother, A. P. Simpson, were in Boston on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Almy of Wilbur street were in Boston on Wednesday.

Judge Edward H. Adams attended the session of probate court in Exeter on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Marcy will leave today for Washington to visit Mrs. Marcy's parents in that city.

Samuel Dixon, of the firm of Dixon & McIntire, was able to return to his duties after an illness of four days.

Kennard Tracy of Winchester, Mass., formerly of this city, is the guest of relatives on Court street.

Among today's visitors to Boston were Mrs. R. I. Walden and daughter, Mabel, Mrs. John G. Parsons and Mrs. D. W. Bainabee.

Norman Beane, Esq., superintendent of the Rockingham county farm, was here today on business connected with the institution.

The engagement is announced of a prominent young lady of this city, to a well known Philadelphian, the wedding to take place in the early fall.

Dr. Locke, a Dartmouth graduate and now of the Massachusetts General hospital, proposes to locate in this city. He is the son of City Marshal Scott Locke of Concord.

Letters received from Ralph E. Gould report him as rapidly being restored to health. He is busily engaged in the maple sugar business, having five hundred trees tapped. He reports good sleighing at his home.

Arthur M. Doolittle, who for some time past has been employed as head clerk in the pharmacy of William D. Grace, has resigned and will go into the insurance business. He will be succeeded by J. W. Taylor.

### DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED.

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

### AN INTERESTING VOLUME.

A recently published volume of short stories from the press of L. C. Page & Co., of Boston, written by Oscar Pay Adams, contains among others, a serial humorous narrative entitled, "Why the Bishop Left Rye Beach," which is peculiarly interesting to the people of this section. Not only is Rye itself mentioned, in the course of the narrative, but we find frequent references to Portsmouth, New Castle, the Wentworth house, Isles of Shoals, Little Bear's Head and Hampton, and in the name of the hotel at which the characters are supposed to stop, we recognize without difficulty the Farragut, truly disguised.

### BASKET BALL GAMES.

The next games in the basket ball league will be held in Peirce hall next Friday evening, when the Y. M. C. A. will go on against Portsmouth and the Maplowoods will play against the Unity club. The games ought to be as interesting as any that have been seen and should be attended by a large crowd.

### FIRE IN PLAY WHIST.

The last of the series of whist parties given by Col. Sisco engine company was held at their quarters on Wednesday evening and was largely attended.

The prizes were awarded as follows: First, C. H. Kehoe; second, F. Randall; third, Louis Schwarz; fourth, Henry Batten.

### MANCHESTER BIRDS WON.

Badger's Island the Scene of Another Cocking Main on Wednesday.

There was a cocking main on Badger's island on Wednesday afternoon, the 4th inst., between birds owned by Manchester and Somersworth sports and the Manchester men carried away over \$100 as the result of the meeting.

The Somersworth birds weren't in the night for a minute and in the last fight the Great Falls sports pulled their bird out of the pit and gave up the battle.

The sports came to this city in the forenoon and went over to the island singly and in pairs and met in an old barn there. Some went over in the ferry and some were carried over in row boats. There were about thirty sports at the main. This is said to be the second main that has been conducted on the island during the past two months.

### GOSSIP OF LOCAL SPORTS.

The C. B. E. basketballers go to Rochester this afternoon, where they will meet the crack team of Co. Y of that city, in the first game of this series between the two National Guard teams. Co. Y has a crack team, and although the local players have been working hard for the past two weeks they must do their prettiest work if they hope to make a showing against the Rochester boys.

The rubber game in the bowling series between Portsmouth and Exeter has been postponed until Thursday evening, the 12th, owing to the illness of Capt. Troy. As the postponement will give the members of both teams a chance for energetic practice, and as both will undoubtedly take advantage of the opportunity, some splendid scores may be looked for when the teams finally come together.

I wonder who told the young man who does the sporting news for one of our evening contemporaries that the hopes of those people who have been advocating the organization of a local base ball league "have been dashed to the ground?"

The Kittery boys are pleased at the prospect of having Stewart to play with them on their basket ball team again, as he will return to Kittery next Saturday to take charge of the Kittery High school. Mr. Stewart is one of the original members of the team and though the boys are perfectly satisfied with the work of Lathrop, of course if Mr. Stewart wishes to play in his old position, his request will be granted. But Lathrop, by his clean and quiet manner, has made many friends in the league.

The good news comes to me from Greenland that the active and clean set of boys there known as the Wapanagos will not withdraw from the basket ball league. The Greenland boys have put lots of life in the league games and there are few teams that have more hearty supporters among the patrons of the game. Everyone who learns that the Wapanagos will continue in the league, will say, "I am glad of it."

The basket ball games Friday evening will be interesting exhibitions of clean, manly sport. The Portsmouth-Y. M. C. A. game is generally expected to be decidedly one sided, but the young men of the Christian association have improved wonderfully of late, and may give the prospective champions a run for their money after all. The Unity-Maplewood game is generally looked upon as a Maplewood victory, and the Amateur, while not expressing a positive opinion, would remind the Unities that they must play a better game than they did Saturday evening, if they have any idea of coming off victorious.

### THE AMATEUR.

### SIDE TRACKED.

If one half the good reports we hear of Side Tracked, the comedy production which appears at Music hall next Tuesday evening, be true, then the patrons of this piece have a genuine treat in store for themselves. Press and public seem unanimous in their praise of the attraction, such statements as: "The best that has been here this season," "a better pleased audience never sat in the opera house," etc., being the common report. The piece was written to amuse and entertain, and in this it never fails. Don't miss seeing this attraction.

### COREOPSIS COULDN'T COME.

Owing to the fact that the Calumet club of Manchester played the opera Coreopsis on a royalty, it would have taken too long a time for the necessary papers to be passed to allow of its production in this city tomorrow night. Furthermore, the elaborate costumes and light effects, hired on a time limit from New York parties, formed another obstacle.

Eczema, scald head, Itches, itchiness of the skin of any sort, instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

### "A FISHERMAN'S LUCK" TO-NIGHT

There is no doubt but that Music hall will be well filled tonight by the friends of the Portsmouth Dramatic company in its presentation of "A Fisherman's Luck." The members of the company have been hustling ever since Manager George Coleman of the company engaged the theatre and the announcement that they would appear before a local audience. The piece is a four-act drama, which has been advertised to be replete with music and specialities, and at the popular price, ten, twenty and thirty cents will attract a good house.

The cast of characters will be as follows: Tom Manley, a poor fisherman, Frank Rhodes, William Farren, alias Squaw, Hammond, David Morris, known as Uncle Dave, George Snow, James Hammond, Farren's Son, Wyatt Berry, Morley Grigg, William Farren, alias Squaw, Hammond, Rose Prescott, Hammond's Ward, Nettie Colley, Mrs. Manly, Tom's Mother, Josie Tubbets, Ruth Manly, Tom's Sister, Mabel Grigg, Little Nellie, a waif of the ocean, Gertrude Morrissey.

### SYNOPSIS.

Act I. Tom Manly's home on the coast of Maine. "The lottery ticket." Specialties by Snow and Lyons.

Act II. Exterior of Highpoint lighthouse. "The robbery." Characteristic sketches by Prof. Bill Allen.

Act III. Scene 1, Hammond's home. "The foggy letter." Songs by Freeman Caswell, Scene 2, Tom's home in Boston. Specialties by Harry Saw. Scene 3, Death of "Little Nellie." Specialties by Lyons.

Act IV. Rose's home in Maine. "A wedding interrupted."

### AT THE NAVY YARD.

A forty foot steam cutter was shipped on Wednesday from the yard to Newport, R. I.

Senator Eugene Hale is at his home in Ellsworth, Me., and he will be interviewed by a committee from the yard before he returns.

Everett G. Haymaker, draughtsman, has reported for duty in the department of construction and repair. He was transferred from the Bath, Me., Iron Works.

The democrats of ward two will choose convention delegates this evening.

We will send you 4 Qt. Bottles of our famous Stag Rye Whiskey

IF YOU WILL SEND US \$3.00

It is just what you need for family and medicinal use. It is made in our own distillery. We guarantee it to be absolutely pure, well aged and mellow. A pure stimulant, it is in your home. It is necessary every given. You can have your money back if it doesn't suit.

E. BISING & CO., 49 FRONT ST., NEW YORK.

SPRING DECORATIONS ARE IN ORDER

now, and we have the finest stock of hand some wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to \$5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite colorings and arts in patterns. Only expert workmen are employed by us, and our prices for first-class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

J. H. Gardiner

10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

More than Seventy Million of cigars sold in New England by the manufacturers of the

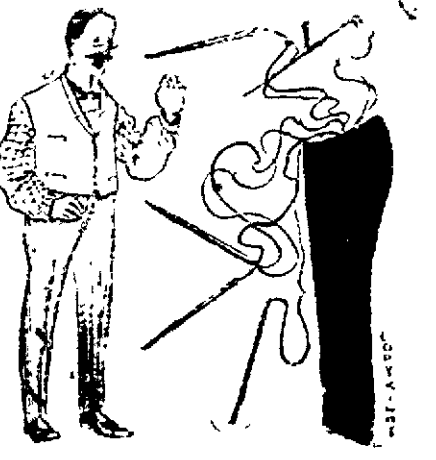
7-20-4

The best judges of tobacco admit it is the best 10c cigar on the market. The Havana tobacco now being used is of extra fine flavor.

At Wholesale in Portsmouth by FRED S. WENDELL, J. H. SWIFT, Deer and Market Sts. Bridge St.

R. G. SULLIVAN

MANUFACTURER, Manchester, N. H.



## THE WORK OF THE NEEDLE

in the hands of one skilled in its use is something good to see. That is why the garments tailored here are so pleasing.

STYLE, FIT AND FINISH show the touch of the expert. And there's no better goods anywhere than those we present for inspection. Oxfords, cashmeres, worsteds and tweeds—solid colors, stripes invisible plaids and checks in refined and pleasing designs.

## JAS. HAUGH

20 High Street.

## You Know That TAYLOR,

THE CONFECTIONER.

Makes His Own High Grade CANDIES.

He Uses The Finest Grades of Sugar And Other Ingredients.

Trade At

TAYLOR'S

1 Congress Street, Near High.

TANKS

WIND MILLS

AND PUMPS

Gasoline and Hot Air Engines.

Artesian Wells Drilled

ESTIMATES GIVEN ON APPLICATION

EXPERIENCED MEN TO DO THE WORK

Steam, Hot Water and Hot Air Heating.

PLUMBING AND PIPING.

W. E. Paul

39 to 45 Market St.

ESTABLISHED IN 1872.

C. E. BOYNTON

</